

OVERVIEW

MLP Risk-Managed approaches the Master Limited Partnerships (MLP) asset class through a tactical framework designed to limit drawdown exposure and mitigate volatility. The strategy aims to afford capital appreciation potential and attractive yield of MLPs while preserving capital during times of increased volatility or market stress affecting MLPs.

PORTFOLIO CONSTRUCTION

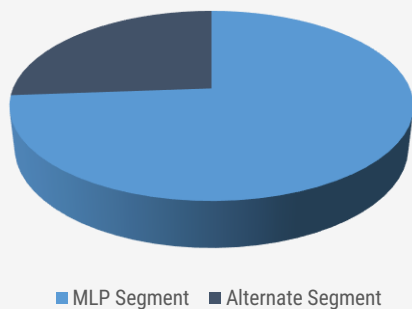
MLP Segment, 0-100%

Calibrate MLP exposure according to risk-adjusted momentum, aiming for tactical participation in high upside, high income assets, but limiting drawdown relative to fully invested long-only.

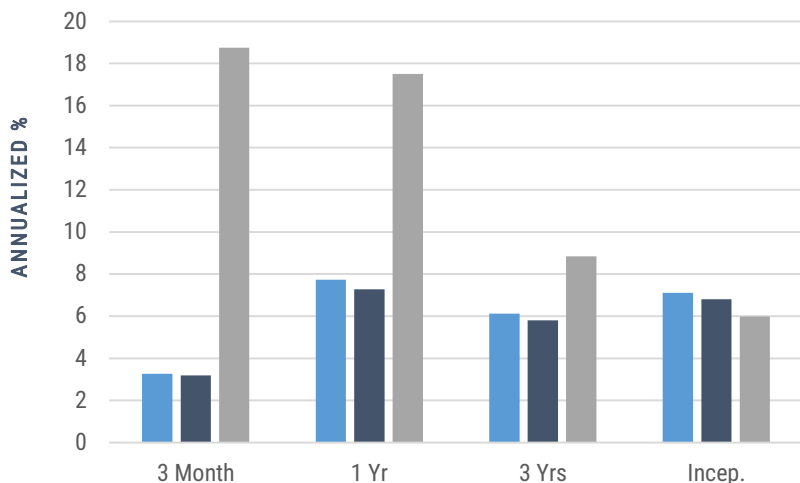
Alternate Segment, 0-100%

Receive and protect capital in times of increased market volatility affecting MLPs.

POSITIONING, MARCH 31, 2019



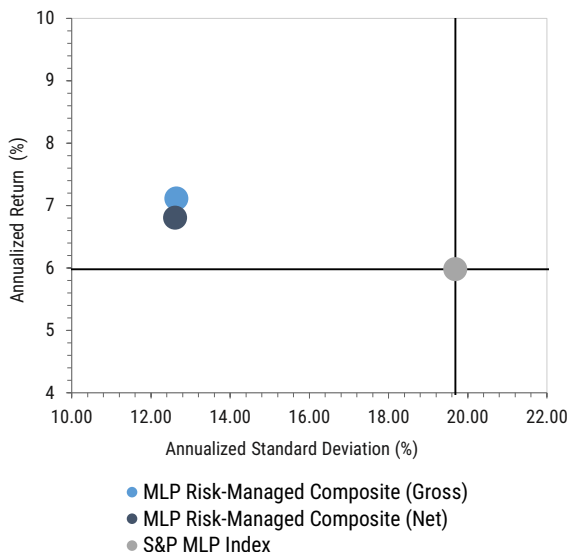
PERFORMANCE SUMMARY



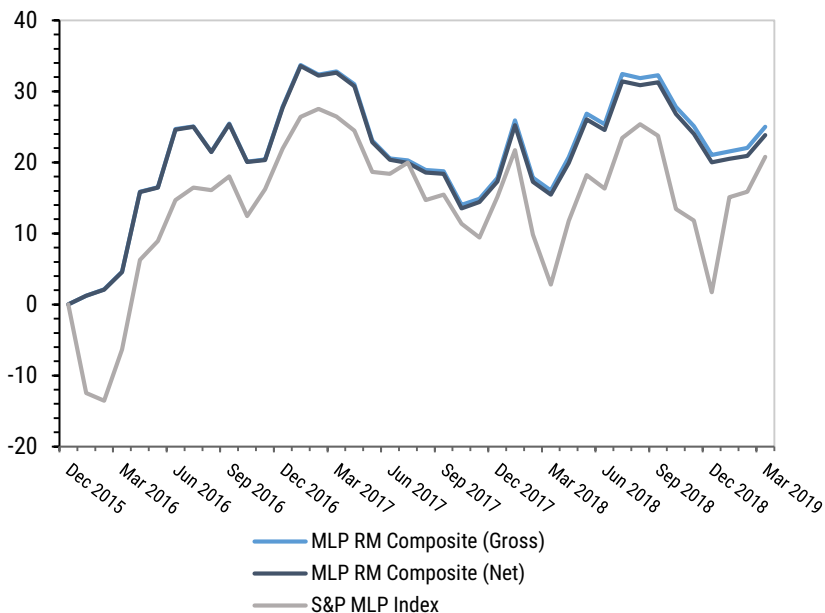
	3 Month	1 Yr	3 Yrs	Incep.
MLPRM Composite (Gross)	3.27	7.73	6.12	7.11
MLPRM Composite (Net)	3.19	7.28	5.80	6.80
S&P MLP Index	18.75	17.50	8.84	5.98

Key Statistics (annualized since inception)	MLPRM Composite (Gross)	MLPRM Composite (Net)	S&P MLP Index
Since Inception Return	7.11	6.80	5.98
Standard Deviation	12.65	12.62	19.69
Beta	0.47	0.47	1.00
Sharpe Ratio	0.47	0.45	0.25
Max drawdown	-14.74	-15.00	-20.26
Max run-up	33.70	33.56	47.50
Composite AUM	1MM	1MM	-

Return vs. Risk Since Inception



Cumulative Return Since Inception



Source: WST Capital Management, APX. Exposures shown represent the historical exposures of the MLP Risk-Managed Model, based off of which are run the strategy and all accounts constituting the MLP Risk-Managed Composite. "Alternate Segment" is a summarized allocation of assets invested in fixed income and cash equivalents, while "MLP Segment" is a summarized allocation of exposure to equal-weighted sector ETFs. Source for performance information: FactSet. Annualized statistics since strategy inception date, 12/31/2015; relative statistics vs. primary benchmark

Calendar Year	2016	2017	2018
MLP Risk-Managed Composite (Gross)	27.83	-7.84	2.77
MLP Risk-Managed Composite (Net)	27.70	-8.13	2.31
S&P MLP Index	21.95	-5.58	-11.67

Key facts and information:

Strategy inception date	December 31, 2015
Vehicle	Separately managed account

About our firm:

Endeavoring to offer the Bridge Between Protection and Growth® through Risk-Managed ETF strategies, WSTCM has cut an innovative path in the pursuit of next-generation investment science for today's investors. By embracing the science of investing, we believe we can advance our firm's mission: to provide investors a balance of protection and growth, encouraging confident participation over the long-term.

WST Capital Management is a division of Wilbanks, Smith & Thomas Asset Management, LLC.

To learn more, please contact:

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About our team:

Our veteran portfolio management team includes individuals with diverse professional backgrounds and skill sets gained in investment analysis, consulting, brokerage and trading and other industry areas.

Portfolio Design	Wayne Wilbanks, CFA Roger Scheffel, CPA
Quantitative Research & Development	David Abrams Tom McNally, CFA, CMT
Trading	Doug Greiner, CFA Heather Randazzo Magdalene DeGuzman

Important disclosures

Wilbanks, Smith & Thomas Asset Management, LLC ("WST" or the "Firm") is defined as an SEC registered investment adviser headquartered in Norfolk, Virginia. WST claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) Prospective clients can obtain a GIPS-compliant presentation and/ or the firm's list of composite descriptions by contacting WST with the contact information referenced above.

The MLP Risk-Managed Composite has an inception date of December 31, 2015 and consists of all fee-paying, fully discretionary accounts under active management at WST that adhere to the MLP Risk-Managed strategy. The strategy invests in funds designed to track a broad universe of Master Limited Partnerships. During less favorable environments or when attractive investment opportunities are limited, the strategy has the flexibility to invest 100% in short duration investment grade bonds. This strategy is generally implemented through the trading of mutual funds or exchange-traded funds. The composite was created October 2016. Prior to October 24, 2016, the strategy was referred to as the WST Asset Manager – Risk-Managed MLPs strategy. Eligible accounts are included in the strategy group of accounts in the month following the month of account inception. Closed accounts are included through the completion of the last full month. Results portrayed reflect the reinvestment of dividends, capital gains and other earnings when appropriate. During the period(s) shown, there were no material market or economic conditions which affected the results portrayed. With the exception of several market corrections during the period(s), the overall market as measured by the S&P 500 was generally rising. If such trends are broken, the clients may experience real capital losses in their managed accounts. The performance results portrayed during the period: 12/31/2015 (strategy inception)-present relate only to a limited group of the adviser's clients selected based on suitability and risk tolerance. This factor has not had a material effect on performance but could lead to the termination of the composite in the event of significant outflows.

Comparison with market indices- The composite is measured against the S&P MLP Index. The S&P MLP Index provides investors with exposure to the leading partnerships that trade on the NYSE and NASDAQ. The index includes both master limited partnerships (MLPs) and publicly traded limited liability companies (LLCs), which have a similar legal structure to MLPs and share the same tax benefits.

Valuations are computed and performance is reported in U.S. dollars. Returns are presented gross and net of management fees and include the reinvestment of all income and dividends. Net of fee performance was calculated using actual management fees. Some accounts in the composite pay a "wrap fee" which is an all-inclusive or bundled fee based on a percentage of assets under management and may include investment management services, transaction costs/brokerage commissions, portfolio monitoring, consulting services, and custodial services. Gross performance results for wrap accounts in the composite are gross of the entire wrap fee information as transaction expenses have not been deducted. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.

Investment advisory fees are described in Wilbanks Smith & Thomas Asset Management, LLC's Form ADV 2A. To illustrate the possible effect of fees on the total return of an account, what follows is an illustration: A client investing in the comparative index S&P 500 over the last 10 years (as of December 31, 2015) would have earned 7.31% return on an annualized basis. With the effect of fees at 2.00% per year, this client can then expect their net return to be 5.16% per year compounded over the same time period.

Standard Deviation of return measures the average deviations of a return series from its mean, and is often used as a measure of risk. A large standard deviation implies that there have been large swings in the return series of the manager. Correlation is a measure of how two securities move in relation to each other. The Sharpe Ratio measures excess return per unit of risk which relates the difference between the portfolio's return and the return of the risk free rate to the standard deviation of the portfolio returns for the same period. Alpha is the mean of the excess return of the manager over beta times the benchmark. Beta is a measure of systematic risk, or the sensitivity of a manager to movements in the benchmark. A beta of 1 implies that you can expect the movement of a manager's return series to match that of the benchmark used to measure beta. Maximum Drawdown is the maximum loss (compounded, not annualized) that the manager ever incurred during any sub period of the entire time period. Conceptually, the calculation looks at all sub periods of the time period in question and calculates the compound return of the manager over that period. The maximum drawdown is the minimum of zero and all these compound returns. Maximum Run-up is the opposite of Maximum Drawdown and shows the maximum gain the manager incurred during any sub period of time. Up and Down Capture is a measure of how well a manager replicates or improves on phases of positive benchmark returns and how the manager is affected by phases of negative benchmark returns. Commodities and futures generally are volatile and are not suitable for all investors. The value of commodity funds relate directly to the value of the futures contracts and other assets held within the fund and any fluctuation in the value of these assets could adversely affect an investment in commodities. Exchange Traded Funds (ETF's) trade like stocks, are subject to investment risk and will fluctuate in market value.

Securities and Insurance Products and Services –Are not FDIC or any other Government Agency Insured –Are not Bank Guaranteed –May lose Value.